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Incredible India



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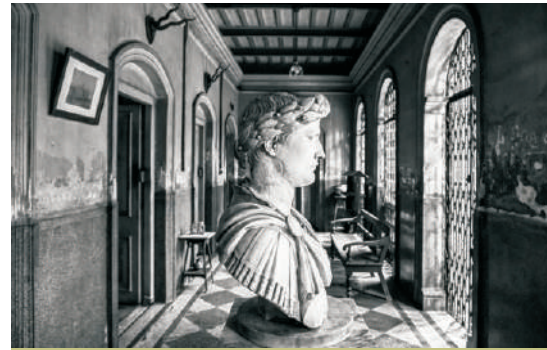
BRITISH LEGACY TOUR OF INDIA

# BRITISH LEGACY TOUR IN INDIA

## TOUR HIGHLIGHTS



**RASHTRAPATI BHAWAN** The Presidents palace in New Delhi



**KOLKATA**  
The legacy of british architecture remains



**BOMBAY HIGH COURT**  
A landmark of the city of Mumbai



**VICTORIA TERMINUS TRAIN STATION**  
A UNESCO world heritage site



**Kolkata**  
See the street life



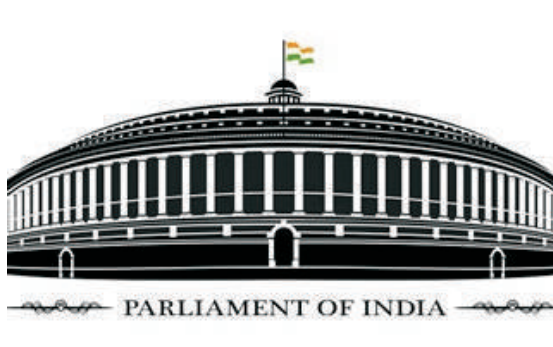
**HOWRAH RAILWAY STATION**  
An iconic train station built by the British



**Gateway of India**  
The entry point for the first ships from England into Mumbai, India



**KOLKATA**  
Victoria Memorial & other British Building



**NEW DELHI**  
The parliament of India



**CHENNAI**  
Egmore Museum, one of the oldest in India



**CHENNAI**  
Ripon Building

# A City Icon

VICTORIA TERMINUS  
BOMBAY 1887

HOW

CHHATRAPATI SHIVAJI TERMINUS  
MUMBAI 1996



Rahul Mehrotra Sharada Dwivedi

## THE BRITISH LEGACY TOUR WITH TAJ MAHAL 12 NIGHT / 13 DAYS

### MUMBAI DAY 1/2/3

**Gateway of India:** Regarded as Mumbai's pride, the Gateway of India was designed and built by George Wittie to commemorate King George V and Queen Mary's visit

**Mumbai High Court:** Designed by Colonel J.A. Fuller, the Mumbai High Court showcases the impressive Gothic style. It is one of the oldest colonial buildings in the Fort area of Mumbai

**Victoria Terminus:** It was designed by Frederick William Stevens and conceived to honour the Victoria Jubilee Day. The carvings on the wood, the turrets and the statue of Queen Victoria make the Victoria Terminus an attractive structure.

**Prince of Wales Museum:** Built in the Indo-Saracenic architecture by George Wittet, the Prince of Wales Museum has three sections on art, natural history and archaeology. The museum is regarded as one of the best and finest museums

**The Town Hall:** Originally designed by Colonel Thomas Cowper, the Town Hall is a fine example of neo-classical and Greek revival styles.

### CHENNAI DAY 4/5

**Government Museum, Egmore:** This is India's second oldest museum, next only to the Indian Museum of Kolkata. The current museum building was inaugurated in 1854. The museum has six buildings and 46 galleries.

**Ripon Building:** The Ripon building is the current administrative premises of the Chennai Corporation. The building is an all-white structure built in the Neo-classical style of architecture which is a combination of Gothic, Ionic and Corinthian. The building was commissioned in 1913

**Chennai Central:** Chennai Central is one of India's most important railway hubs and the building is a glorious example of British architecture apart from being the gateway to Chennai for many centuries now. The building is 142 years old and was designed by architect George Harding. Today, the building witnesses about 3,50,000 footfalls every day.

**Fort George:** The British ruled the Madras province from this building and today it serves as the legislative assembly of Tamil Nadu Government. The ancient British settlements in Chennai were largely around this fort. This locality still retains the British feel in several architectural aspects.

### KOLKATA DAY 6/7/8

**Victoria Memorial:** The city's most imposing monument from the British era built from the same white marble as you see in the Taj Mahal, its Edwardian baroque architecture is influenced by the Mughal style. Designed by William Emerson in 1906

**St Paul's Cathedral:** Take yourself next to St Paul's Cathedral, Kolkata's most important church. The stark white Gothic structure with square towers is to the east of the Victoria Memorial.

**Prinsep Ghat:** Next on your list should be Prinsep Ghat off Strand Road, built as a memorial in 1841 to James Prinsep, an English scholar and Orientalist famous for deciphering the ancient Indian Brahmi and Kharosthi scripts

**Calcutta High Court:** Based on the medieval Cloth Hall in Ypres, Belgium, the enormous Calcutta High Court on Esplanade Row was designed by Walter Granville, and built in 1872.

**Dalhousie Square:** Now officially BBD Bagh, Dalhousie Square is a repository of four architectural gems from the colonial era. Marvel at the Writer's Building. The four groups of statues atop the four-storeyed structure represent science, agriculture, commerce and justice.

1844-built Metcalfe Hall, which once housed the National Library. Raised on a plinth and surrounded by Corinthian columns, the building is a fine example of neo-classical architecture.

St Andrew's Church, loosely modelled on St Martin-in-the-Fields off Trafalgar Square in London.

Howrah Junction, more popularly known as Howrah Station, is the oldest and largest railway complex in India, serving the twin cities of Howrah and Kolkata. On 17 June 1851, George Turnbull, the Chief Engineer of the East Indian Railway Company and his team of engineers submitted plans for a railway station at Howrah

Howrah Bridge is a bridge with a suspended span over the Hooghly River in West Bengal, India. Commissioned in 1943, the bridge was originally named the New Howrah Bridge

### NEW DELHI DAYS 9/10/11

**India Gate:** Designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens, India Gate was built to commemorate 70,000 Indian soldiers who were part of the British Army and died in fighting during the First World War. Currently it serves as a tomb for unknown soldiers of the Indian Armed Forces who have lost their lives in wars. An eternal flame known as 'Amar JawanJyothi' is kept burning for these brave hearts.

**Rashtrapathi Bhavan:** This building is a massive construction with 340 rooms and four floors. Residence of the British Viceroy it now serves as the official home to the President of India. The house has a beautiful Mughal Garden in its backyard.

**Parliament House:** Accommodating the two houses of parliament, the Parliament House is a striking circular building. It also houses several committee rooms, ministerial offices and a magnificent library. Built in 1921 by Sir Edwin Lutyens and Herbert Baker, the Sansad Bhavan has a large garden bordered with sandstone railings

**Teen Murthi Bhavan:** Currently sheltering a number of institutions, the Teen Murthi Bhavan first served the British as the residence of the Commander-in-chief of the British Indian Army and then was the residence of Prime Minister Jawahar Lal Nehru for 16 years.

### AGRA DAY 12

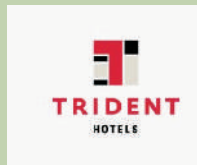
Take a trip to Agra to visit the grand TAJ MAHAL, an iconic structure that is not only a UNESCO World Heritage Site but one of the WONDERS OF THE WORLD

APART FROM THE BRITISH LEGACY SITES LISTED ABOVE, GUESTS SHALL ALSO SEE THE ICONIC INDIAN SITES ON TOUR





# HOTELS



## TOUR INCLUSIONS

- ALL MONUMENT ENTRY FEES
- 12 NIGHTS STAY WITH BREAKFAST
- DOMESTIC FLIGHTS
- AIR CONDITIONED TRANSPORT
- AIR PORT AND HOTEL TRANSFERS
- ALL TAXES INCLUDED
- E-VISA
- FULLY ESCORTED
- SMALL GROUP TOUR

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